Solution (#1475) If we substitute $x = e^{-t}$ then

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x-1}{\ln x} dx = \int_{\infty}^{0} \frac{e^{-t}-1}{-t} (-e^{-t} dt)$$
$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t}-e^{-2t}}{t} dt$$
$$= \ln\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)$$
$$= \ln 2,$$

as this last integral was evaluated in #1329.