**Solution** (#985) Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^2$  and

$$X = \langle \mathbf{e}_1 \rangle, \qquad Y = \langle \mathbf{e}_2 \rangle, \qquad Z = \langle \mathbf{e}_1 + \mathbf{e}_2 \rangle.$$

Then V = X + Y + Z as any vector  $\mathbf{v}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  can be written as

$$\mathbf{v} = \underbrace{v_1 \mathbf{e}_1}_{\text{in } X} + \underbrace{v_2 \mathbf{e}_2}_{\text{in } Y} + \underbrace{\mathbf{0}}_{\text{in } Z}.$$

 $\mathbf{v} = \underbrace{v_1\mathbf{e}_1}_{\text{in }X} + \underbrace{v_2\mathbf{e}_2}_{\text{in }Y} + \underbrace{\mathbf{0}}_{\text{in }Z}.$  These three lines X,Y,Z each meet only in the origin. However if it were the case that

$$V = X \oplus Y \oplus Z$$

then it would follow that

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2 & = & \dim \mathbb{R}^2 \\ & = & \dim X + \dim Y + \dim Z \\ & = & 1 + 1 + 1 \\ & = & 3, \end{array}$$

a contradiction.