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①

Thm (H Imai, 1975)

K/\mathbb{Q}_p : finite ext

$L := K(\mu)$, $\mu = \zeta_{p^n} = \{ \text{all } p\text{-power roots of } 1 \}$

A/K : abelian var with potentially good reduction

$\Rightarrow A(L)_{tors}$ is finite.

today's theorem:

Thm K : complete discrete valuation field of mixed char $(0, p)$

k residue field, essentially of finite type

$M := K(\zeta_{p^n})$

X proper smooth variety/ K
 with pot. good reduction

k) finite
 \dagger) purely insep
 \dagger) purely trans
 \mathbb{F}_p

$i \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ odd

$V = \prod_{\ell} V_{\ell} := \prod_{\ell} H_{\text{ét}}^i(X_{\overline{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$

$\hat{T} = \prod_{\ell} \hat{T}_{\ell} := \mathcal{G}_K$ stable $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ lattice $\mathcal{G}_K = \text{Gal}(\overline{K}/K)$

then \Rightarrow

$$(V/T)^{G_M} \uparrow \text{ is finite}$$

G_M fixed points.

Note $(V_L/T_L)^{G_M}$ is finite $\Leftrightarrow V_L^{G_M} = 0$

cf. Thm (Coates - Sujatha - Winterberger, 2001)

K, L as in Imai's theorem

X, i, V_p as in our theorem

$$H := \text{Im}(G_L \rightarrow G_{K_p}(V_p))$$

$$\Rightarrow H^j(H, V_p) = 0 \text{ for any } j > 0.$$

Applications

ex. - Control thm (Greenberg)

- Iercher (Euler char) (removes an assumption)

- Kurihara's on rank of $H^1(F_S/L, T_p E)$

- Hachimori - Venjakob's on non existence of pseudo null submodules.

Proof (cf today's thm) in 3 steps:

① $(V_p/T_p)^{G_M}$ is finite - (for this k can be arbitrary)

② $(V_L/T_L)^{G_M}$ is finite for all L - (for this $i > 0$ can be arbitrary)

③ $(V_L/T_L)^{G_M} = 0$ for almost all L .

Methods

Specialization + wt argument
(+ p-adic Hodge theory for ①)

first:

Key observation:

$$G \left(\begin{array}{c} M = K \left(\zeta_{p^{\infty}} \right) \\ \uparrow \\ L = K \left(\zeta_{p^{\infty}} \right) \\ \uparrow \\ K \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} H \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \cong G/H$$

$\chi: G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}$
cyclotomic character

$$\Rightarrow \sigma \tau \sigma^{-1} = \tau^{\chi(\sigma)} \text{ for } \sigma \in G, \tau \in H. \quad (*)$$

Lem If $\rho: G \rightarrow GL_E(W)$ is a continuous rep then H acts potentially unipotently on W

(\odot) $(*) \Rightarrow \forall \tau$ has o.v. e μ eigenvalue.

① By Lem

$W = V_p^{S_M}$ is a rep of $G = SU_{S_M}$ of the form:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \chi^{\uparrow} & & & \\ & * & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & \chi^{\uparrow} \end{pmatrix} \quad (\uparrow = \text{some power})$$

By assumption on $i, X,$ + (specialization + wt) (4)

$$V = H_{\text{et}}^i(X_{\bar{k}}, \mathbb{Q}_p)$$

\uparrow
dR

~~can~~ cannot contain

Use (Nakayama), (Nakayama-Shizuka),
to reduce to (Kato-Messing),
(Chiarellotto-Le Stum)

(2), (3) By lem + assumptions

$w = v_e \cdot \sigma_M$ is a rep of \mathcal{G} of the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & & * \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \dots \\ & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = H_{\text{et}}^i(X_{\bar{k}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \cong H_{\text{et}}^i(X_{\bar{k}_1}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

SI

$$k \supset R \quad \text{Spec}(R) \ni s \quad H_{\text{et}}^i(X_{\bar{k}(s)}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

\uparrow
subring
d.g./ \mathbb{F}_p

\curvearrowright
 F_{20b_s}

e.v. of $F_{20b_s} \neq 1 \pmod{\ell}$

$$\mathcal{G}_k \rightarrow \mathcal{G}_R \rightarrow \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \bar{\pi}_1(S) = \langle F_{20b_s} \rangle$$

\downarrow
finite index

so
(Te/Te) $\sigma_M = 0$