

Update on one extended Regge trajectory.

Of the various topics in the Twistor Particle Programme, I'd like to single out the extended Regge trajectories, in fact just one of them. I remind readers that these are straight line fits to various particle resonances, extended by a freedom or symmetry ϵ inherent in the definition of spin:

$$j(j+1) = \vec{J}^2 = J(J+1)$$

$$\Rightarrow j + \frac{1}{2} = \epsilon(J + \frac{1}{2}), \quad \epsilon = \pm 1.$$

It was shown in 1976¹⁾ that e.g. for the $I=0$ natural parity mesons we could fit them well on a straight line if we plot ϵm^2 against j (Fig. 1, details in Ref. 1). The 1990 Data booklet lists more resonances and following the scheme of Ref. 1) we get an even more interesting picture, Fig. 2.

A rough statistical analysis gives the following very encouraging result. Regressing on the leading resonances w, f_2, w_3 and f_4 gives the equation

$$y = 0.58 + 0.83x, \quad \text{standard deviation} = 0.12.$$

Regressing on the leading resonances plus f_0, w, f_2 gives the

extended trajectory:

$$y = 0.49 + 0.87x, \text{ standard deviation} = 0.18.$$

However, if we put the last three resonances on a "daughter" trajectory with conventional J and m^2 , we get

$$y = -1.57 + 0.90x, \text{ standard deviation} = 0.35,$$

which shows it to be a worse fit. Also the slope is not universal

More sophisticated analysis is being carried out.

Thanks to one of my co-authors in Ref. 1.

Reference: 1) Roger Penrose, George AS Sporking and Tom Shuang Tsun, J. Phys. A 11 (1978) L231.

1976

$I=0$ (natural parity)

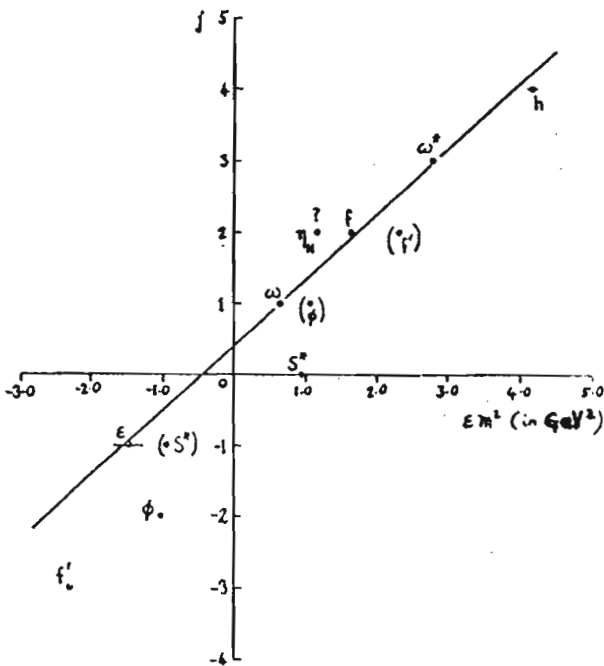


Fig. 1

1990

$I=0$ Natural parity

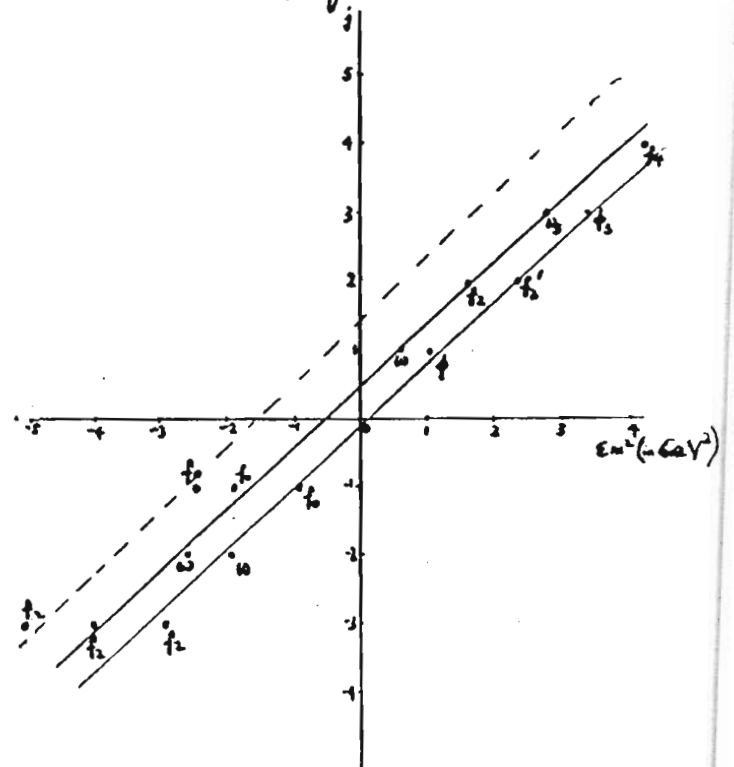


Fig. 2

Tom Shuang Tsun