

Elliptic Curves. Mock exam-style questions.

The following exam-style questions are not to be handed in for intercollegiate classes; they are merely in case you would like extra revision practice in addition to the actual past exams (from 2006 onwards).

Question 1.

- (i) Find an $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $|x^2 + 3|_7 < 7^{-1}$.
- (ii) For what prime p does $-\frac{9}{8}$ have p -adic expansion $1, \bar{2} = 1 + 2p + 2p^2 + 2p^3 + \dots$?
- (iii) Let $p \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$ be prime. Show that -3 is a quadratic residue mod p [*Hint: consider separately the cases $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ and $p \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$]. Use Hensel's Lemma to deduce that -3 is a square in $\mathbb{Q}_p^*$.*
- (iv) Let $q \equiv 1 \pmod{27}$ be prime. Show that $(X^2 + 3)(X^3 - q) = 0$ has solutions in $\mathbb{R}$ and every $\mathbb{Q}_p$.

Question 2.

- (i) Find the torsion group over $\mathbb{Q}$ of the elliptic curve $Y^2 = X^3 + 3$.
- (ii) Find the torsion group over $\mathbb{Q}$ of the elliptic curve $Y^2 = X^3 + 4X$.
- (iii) Let $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ satisfy $n \neq 0, \pm 1$. Show that $(n, \pm n(n+1)), (-n, \pm n(n-1))$ are points of order 4 on the elliptic curve $Y^2 = X(X+1)(X+n^2)$. Find the torsion group over $\mathbb{Q}$ when $n \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$.
- (iv) Let $k \in \mathbb{Z}$, $k \neq 0$, let $\mathcal{E}$ be the elliptic curve $Y^2 = X^3 - k^2X + k^3$, and let (x, y) be a point of finite order in $\mathcal{E}(\mathbb{Q})$. Show that $|y| \leq 5|k|^3$ and $|x| \leq 3|k|^2$.

Question 3. Let $\mathcal{C} : Y^2 = X(X^2 + aX + b)$ and $\mathcal{D} : Y^2 = X(X^2 + a_1X + b_1)$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ with $b(a^2 - 4b) \neq 0$ and $a_1 = -2a$, $b_1 = a^2 - 4b$. Let the map ϕ [which you may assume to be a homomorphism] be defined as usual by

$$\phi : \mathcal{C}(\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{Q}) : (x, y) \mapsto \left(\frac{y^2}{x^2}, y - \frac{by}{x^2} \right).$$

Let q be defined as usual by

$$q : \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}^*/(\mathbb{Q}^*)^2 : (u, v) \mapsto u \text{ when } u \neq 0,$$

$$q : (0, 0) \mapsto b_1, \quad q : \mathbf{o} \mapsto 1,$$

where $\mathbf{o}$ denotes the point at infinity on $\mathcal{D}$.

- (i) Show that the image of q is a subset of the finite set

$$\{r : r \text{ is a square free integer and } r|b_1\}.$$

- (ii) Find the rank of the elliptic curve $Y^2 = X(X^2 + 2X + 3)$.