

Week 5 Pierrick

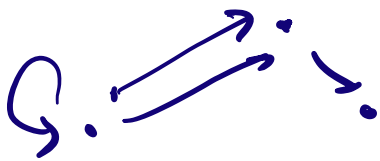
Critical CoHA

1. Kontsevich-Sibelman CoHA, for quivers with potentials
2. Factorization and BPS Cohomology.
3. CY3 case, dimensional reduction

1. Quivers with potential

Q : finite quiver.

Q_0 : set of vertices,
 Q_1 : set of arrows,
 $h, t: Q_0 \rightarrow Q_0$



A_Q : abelian category of finite dimensional \mathbb{C} -modules over path algebra $\mathbb{C}Q$.

$(=)$ module over path algebra $\mathbb{C}Q$.
Associative algebra.

$$V = (V_i)_{i \in Q_0}, (\phi_e)_{e \in Q_1}$$

$$\dim V = (\dim V_i)_{i \in Q_0} \in \mathbb{N}^{Q_0}$$

$\gamma \in \Gamma_T \implies M_\gamma$ moduli stack of objects in \mathcal{A} of dimension γ .

$$M_\gamma = \bigoplus_{e \in \mathcal{Q}_1} \text{Hom}(\mathbb{C}^{\gamma(h(e))}, \mathbb{C}^{\gamma(t(e))}) \quad] \mathbb{R}_\gamma$$

$$M_\gamma = [\mathbb{R}_\gamma / G_\gamma] \quad \prod_{v \in \mathcal{Q}_0} \text{GL}(\gamma(v), \mathbb{C}) \quad] G_\gamma$$

— very simple Artin stack.
Smooth stack.

$$\dim_{\text{stab}} = \sum_{e \in \mathcal{Q}_1} \gamma(h(e)) \gamma(t(e)) - \sum_{v \in \mathcal{Q}_0} \gamma(v)^2$$

$$= \chi(\gamma, \mathcal{O})$$

$$\chi: \mathbb{Z}^{\mathcal{Q}_0} \times \mathbb{Z}^{\mathcal{Q}_1} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

Euler form

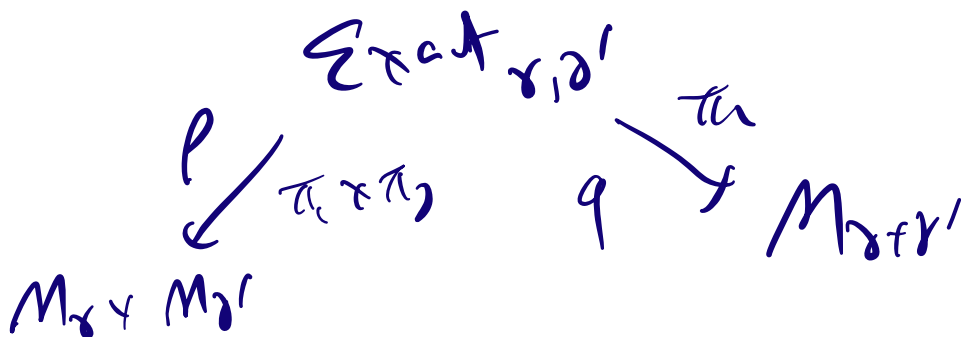
$$\chi(\dim V, \dim W)$$

$$= \dim \text{Ext}^0(V, W) - \dim \text{Ext}^1(V, W)$$

$$\text{Ext}^{\geq 2}(V, W) = 0.$$

For $A \in \mathbb{Q}$, "Usual (-HA)" or $\bigoplus_{\sigma \in \mathbb{P}_+} H^*(M_\sigma, \mathbb{Q})$

$$H^*(M_\sigma, \mathbb{Q}) \cong H_{\text{Gr}}^*(\mathbb{R}_\sigma)$$



Cartan:

$$p_* \circ q^*$$

Two-way map

p is quasi-morph
 $\Rightarrow p_*$ virtual pushforward.

Kontsevich - Seibelman ²⁰¹⁰ give explicit description.

of p_* :

$$\begin{array}{c}
 H_{\text{Gr}}^*(\mathbb{R}_{\sigma_1}, \mathbb{Q}) \oplus H_{\text{Gr}}^*(\mathbb{R}_{\sigma_2}, \mathbb{Q}) \\
 \cong \downarrow \text{K\"{u}nneth} \\
 H_{\text{Gr}_{\sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}}^*(\mathbb{R}_{\sigma_1} \times \mathbb{R}_{\sigma_2}, \mathbb{Q})
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 H_{\text{Gr}_{\sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}}^*(\mathbb{R}_{\sigma_1} \times \mathbb{R}_{\sigma_2}, \mathbb{Q}) \\
 \downarrow
 \end{array}$$

$$\approx \downarrow q^*$$

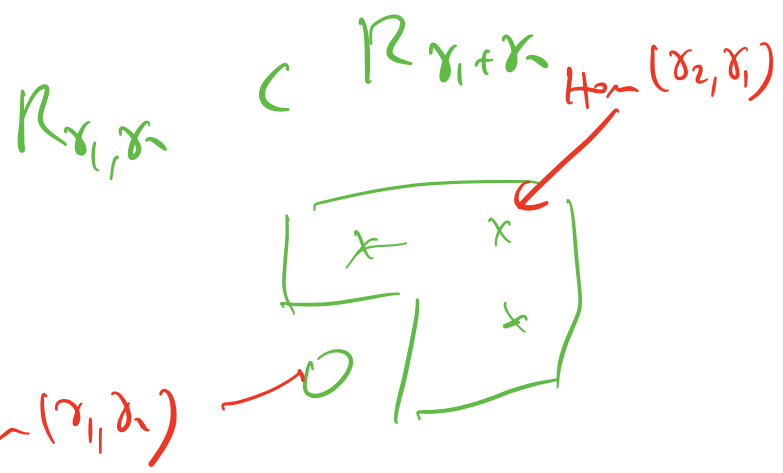
$$H_{G_{\delta_1, \delta_2}}^* (R_{\delta_1, \delta_2}, \mathcal{Q})$$

$$\Sigma \text{Ext}_{\delta_1, \delta_2} = \left[\frac{R_{\delta_1, \delta_2}}{G_{\delta_1, \delta_2}} \right]$$

Pushforward along
 class of embeddings
 $R_{\delta_1, \delta_2} \rightarrow R_{\delta_1 + \delta_2}$

$$H_{G_{\delta_1, \delta_2}}^{*+?} (R_{\delta_1 + \delta_2}, \mathcal{Q})$$

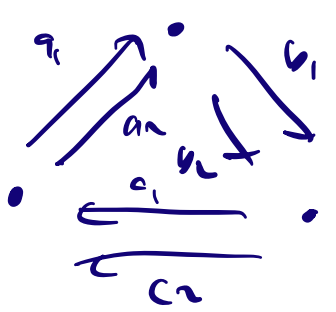
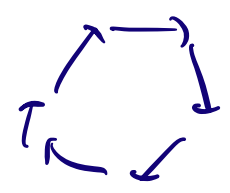
Pushforward
 with fiber
 $G_{\delta_1 + \delta_2} / G_{\delta_1, \delta_2}$:
 proper Grassmannian.
 Hart and fundamental class.



$$H_{G_{\delta_1, \delta_2}}^{*+?+?} (R_{\delta_1 + \delta_2}, \mathcal{Q})$$

$$G_{\delta_1, \delta_2} \subset G_{\delta_1 + \delta_2}$$

Now: let's do critical to HA. Choose a
 potential W . Linear combination of cycles in
 quiver.



$$W = ? \quad q_1 b_1 c_1 + ? q_2 b_2 c_2 + \dots$$

$$\mathbb{C}Q / \left\langle \frac{\partial W}{\partial e} : e \in Q \right\rangle$$

Jacobi algebra
Jac(Q, W)

cycle $d_1 \dots d_n$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial \alpha} = \sum_{\substack{i: \\ \alpha \in e_i}} d_{i-1} \dots d_n d_1 \dots d_{i-1}$$

Abelian category of modules, over Jac(Q, W)

$\mathcal{A}_{(Q, W)}$ Moduli stack of

objects are very singular. $H^*(M_{Q, W})$ is

bad for purpose of defining (= HA).

Critical sheaf: moduli stack of

modules over Jac(Q, W) of dim δ

= critical locus of $\text{fibre} = M_\delta$

$$\text{crit}(\text{Tr}(V)) : M_\delta \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Critical sheaf: $H^k(M_\delta, \phi_{\text{Tr}W}(\mathbb{C})^{(\dim M_\delta)})$

↑
 perverse sheaf of vanishing cycles. at $t=0$

$$f: M \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

$$\phi_f: D_c^b(M, \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow D_c^b(M, \mathbb{Q})$$

derived
category of
constructible
sheaves

$$F \mapsto \phi_f(F) \quad (\text{ref})$$

$\phi_f(F)$ supports a critical cohomology,
 $\phi_f(F)_x =$ reduced cohomology of the
 middle fiber of f at x
 with coefficients in \mathbb{Q} .

Alternative defn of critical cohomology:

$$H^x(f^{-1}([0, \varepsilon]), f^{-1}(y)) \quad 0 < \varepsilon < 1.$$

Claim: if we were critical cohomology,
 instead of naive cohomology, there will be

a CoHA product $\mathcal{H}_\gamma = H^x(M_\gamma, \phi_{\tau_\gamma} \mathbb{Q})$.

Best definition,

τ_γ is a version of
 Verd
 more
 cohomology.

more intrinsic,
 more generalizable.

\cong

$$H_c^x(M_\gamma, \phi_{\tau_\gamma} \mathbb{Q})^\vee$$

up to
 shift
 $\chi(\gamma, 0)$

— Vanishing cycle functor commutes with Verdier duality.

— O_X Mod, $(\mathbb{Q}_{Mod})^\vee = \mathbb{Q}_{Mod}[\chi(X, \mathbb{Z})]$

$H = \bigoplus_{s \in \Gamma_X} H_s$ has an associative product

— Same sequence of analogs, but apply vanishing cycle functor to everything.

Künnett \Rightarrow Thom-Sebastiani.

Operads, $alg =$ smooth ambient space.

Each H_s is graded

Not commutative, even in degree.

$$H_s^i \otimes H_{s'}^j \rightarrow H_{s+s'}^{i+j} \quad \underbrace{(i+j) \in \chi(X, \mathbb{Z}) - \chi(X', \mathbb{Z})}_{\text{skew-symmetrized Euler form}}$$

Remark. If quiver is symmetric the multiplication preserve, characterist degree.

2. Factorization and BPS (phenomenology)

Next part: Davison - Meinhart 16.01.02479.

Goer beyond Kontsevich - Sibelman.

— Define stability condition on \mathcal{Q}, \mathcal{W} .

$\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{Q}^{\text{ob}}$ stability

$$\nu(\gamma) = \frac{\sum_{v \in \mathcal{Q}_\gamma} f_v \gamma_v}{\sum_{v \in \mathcal{Q}_\gamma} \gamma_v} \quad \text{slope function.}$$

— Then define stability + semistability in the usual way. Now can look at stack of semistable objects of given slope.

$$\theta \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow \Gamma_\theta^{\tau, \mathcal{F}} = \{ \gamma \in \Gamma_\tau : \nu(\gamma) = \theta \}$$

$\mathcal{M}_\theta^{\mathcal{F}, \tau}$ stack of \mathcal{F} -semistable objects of dim γ
open \cap \mathcal{M}_θ

Can look at $\bigoplus_{\theta \in \Gamma_{\theta}^{+, \theta}} \mathcal{H}^*(M_{\theta}^{S-1}, \phi_{\Gamma(\omega)}(\mathcal{Q}))$

\parallel

$\mathcal{H}_{\theta}^{S-1}$

- This still has a C-HA product.
- Since we fix stage θ , extension of fibrations are fibrations.

Factorization Theorem (Davis - Meinhart)

$$\bigoplus_{\theta \in \mathcal{Q}} \mathcal{H}_{\theta}^{S-1} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{H} \quad \text{is. of vector spaces}$$

Explanation: every object has a unique Harder-Narasimhan filtration.

This works by: include each factor as \mathcal{H}_i , the multiplicity is $\mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_i$

$$\mathcal{H}_{\theta}^{S-1} \xleftarrow{\text{quotient}} \mathcal{H}$$

Algebra θ is β -generic, i.e.

$$\forall x, x' \in \bigcup_{\theta} \mathcal{F}_{\theta} \Rightarrow \langle x, x' \rangle = 0 \Leftrightarrow \langle \pi(x), \pi(x') \rangle = 0$$

Then \exists algebra filtration $H_{\theta}^{\beta-1}$ s.c.

$$\text{gr}_{\mathcal{F}}(H_{\theta}^{\beta-1}) = \text{Sym}(H^{\bullet}(M_{\theta}^{\beta-1}, \mathcal{B}\mathcal{P}\mathcal{S}) \oplus H^{\bullet}(\mathcal{B}\mathcal{C}\mathcal{Y}))$$

$$\begin{array}{c} M_{\theta}^{\beta-1} \\ \downarrow \pi_{\theta} \\ M_{\theta}^{\beta-1} \end{array}$$

Generic stability \Rightarrow
same property of π_{θ}

same moduli space:
work there.

Filtration

see for
this:

$$\pi_{\theta}(\phi_{\theta, \dots})$$

by filtration by t -stage is

$$\mathcal{B}\mathcal{P}\mathcal{S} = \phi_{\pi_{\theta}(0)}, (\mathcal{I}\mathcal{C})$$

t -jets - cobordism slice of $M_{\theta}^{\beta-1}$

Claim: $H^0(M_{0,1}^{\text{irr}}(\mathbb{P}^1)) \cong H^0(\mathbb{P}^1)$

by the degree argument

PBW theorem:
 $gr_F(H_0^{f-1})$ is the universal envelope

gr $U(g) = \text{Sym } g$? How are $V(g)$
 of H_0^{f-1} related.

3. (Q, ω) is supposed to be
 a model for Calabi-Yau 3-fold
 orbifold. Cyclically ds-dsch $\wedge(Q, \omega)$
 ds-matter \approx for $h_0(g)$
 pretty mod $Jac(Q, \omega)$.
 f-shute with heat

So: can we start with

C stable Cys (edges)

A heart of F-stroke.

CoHA: see Kirjo - Park - Safonov
2024.

December, 2015: