Cadoret: "ℓ-adic rep of étale fund groups of curves"

(j.w. A. Tamagawa)

Not k field char $k = p \geq 0$

$k \hookrightarrow \bar{k}$ alg closure

$\Gamma_k = \pi_1(\mathrm{Spec}(k))$

S normal scheme separated of f.t. geo. connected $/k$

$\pi_1(S)$ étale fundamental group

S^{cl} set of closed points $S^{\leq d} = \{ s \in S^{cl} \mid [k(s):k] \leq d \}$ $d \geq 1$

$s \in S$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathrm{Spec}\, k(s) & \xrightarrow{s} & S & \longleftarrow & S_{\bar{k}} \\ & \searrow & \downarrow & & \\ & & \mathrm{Spec}\, k & & \end{array}$$

funct $\Longrightarrow$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 1 & \longrightarrow & \pi_1(S_{\bar{k}}) & \longrightarrow & \pi_1(S) & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_k & \longrightarrow & 1 \\ & & & & \uparrow & \nearrow & \uparrow & & \\ & & & & & \Gamma_{k(s)} & & & \end{array}$$

$\ell \nmid p$ $\quad \rho : \pi_1(S) \longrightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$

$G = \mathrm{Im}\ \rho \quad \subset GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$

$G^{geo} = \rho(\pi_1(S_{\bar{\eta}})) \quad \subset G$

$G_{\mathbb{R}} = \rho \circ \sigma_S(T_{\mathbb{R}(S)}) \quad \subset G$

ℓ-adic Lie groups: G, G^{geo}, $G_{\mathbb{R}}$

Lie algebras: $\mathfrak{g}$, $\mathfrak{g}^{geo}$, $\mathfrak{g}_{\mathbb{R}}$

$\mathfrak{g}^2$, $\mathfrak{g}^{geo,2}$, $\mathfrak{g}_{\mathbb{R}}^2$ — Zariski closures in GL_2

§. Motivation

$X \xrightarrow{f} S$ smooth proper with geo connected fibres

$$H_{\ell^n} = H^*(X_{\bar{\eta}}, \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n) = (\underbrace{R^\bullet f_* \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n}_{①})_{\bar{\eta}} \xrightarrow{\sim}$$

$$(\underbrace{R^\bullet(f_* \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n)}_{②})_{\bar{S}} = H^\bullet(X_{\bar{S}}, \underbrace{\mathbb{Z}/\ell^n}_{③})$$

$H_{\ell^\infty} = \varprojlim H_{\ell^n}$

$\pi_1(S) = \pi_1(S, \bar{\eta}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \pi_1(S, \bar{S}) \xleftarrow{\sigma_S} T_{\mathbb{R}(S)}$

$\pi_1(S)$ acts on ①, $\pi_1(S, \bar{S})$ acts on ②, $T_{\mathbb{R}(S)}$ acts on ③

$$\rho : \pi_1(S) \to GL(H_{\ell^\infty})$$

$\sigma_S \uparrow$, $T_{\mathbb{R}(S)} \to$ (via ρ_σ)

Compare this with $s \in S^{cl}$ $\hookrightarrow$ understanding how the image of $\rho: \pi_1(S) \to GL_2(H(X_s, \mathbb{Q}_\ell))$ varies with s

$\xi_s \to S/S^{geo}$ is open

$\Rightarrow \dim \xi \geq \dim \xi_S \geq \dim \xi - \dim \xi^{geo}$

Ex: $\begin{matrix} \mathcal{E} \\ \| \\ X \end{matrix} \to \mathbb{P}^1_{\mathbb{Q}} \setminus \{0, 1, \infty\}$ $\rho: \pi_1(S) \to GL(T_\ell(\mathcal{E}_\eta))$

Serre's open image theorem.

§2 statements

Def An ℓ-adic rep $\rho: \pi_1(S) \to GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$ is geometrically Lie perfect

$\xi \; L \; \rho$

if (1) $\forall U \subset_{or} \xi^{geo}$ $|U^{ab}| < +\infty$

(2) $(\xi^{geo})^{ab} = 0$

Thm Motivic rep are SLP

(:) if $p = 0$ - reduce to $k = \bar{k} \subset \mathbb{C}$

- comparison ℓ-adic $\hookrightarrow$ Betti
- Deligne semi-simplicity thm.

$p > 0$ - Bertini argument — S curve

- Specialize → k or finite

- Frobenius weight argument

Thm 1 (Main thm)

k f.g. field of char 0

S curve / k

$\rho : \pi_1(S) \to GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$ ℓ-adic rep

$\forall$ uniform open image thm for GL^P rep ρ $\overline{\mathbb{F}}_p$ is GL^P

$\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$

- $E_\rho^{\leq d} = \{ s \in S^{\leq d} \mid \operatorname{codim}_S G_s \geq 1 \}$ is finite

- $\exists B_{\rho,d} \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$ s.t. $\forall s \in S^{\leq d} \setminus E_\rho^{\leq d}$ $[G : G_s] \leq B_{\rho,d}$

2/ $\forall \rho$ is arbitrary $\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$

a/ the set $\{ s \in S^{\leq d} \mid \operatorname{codim}_G G_s \geq 3 \}$ is finite

b/ for all but finitely many $s \in S^{\leq d}$ G_s is controlled by the first terms of derived series of G

e.g. the set $\{ s \in S^{\leq d} \mid b^2 g^{geo} \neq g_s \}$ is finite arithmetic invariant.

Rem $\ell \neq p > 0$

$\ell = p$?

Thm 2 (ℓ indep of the exceptional locus for motivic rep) ~~Fq~~

k f.g. of char 0

S of arbitrary dim

$\rho_\ell : \pi_1(S) \to GL_r(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$ family of ℓ-adic motivic rep

ρ_ℓ ?

E_{ρ_ℓ} is independent of ℓ.

Rem Thm 2 is predicted by motivic conj. $X \xrightarrow{f} S$

$G_{\bar{\eta}}$ motivated motivic Galois group of $X_{\bar{\eta}}$

$\hookrightarrow$ Se_{HB} alg reductive group / $\mathbb{Q}_\ell$

$G_{\bar{s}} \hookrightarrow G_{\bar{\eta}}$ and $G_{\bar{s}} \xrightarrow{\sim} G_{\bar{\eta}} \subset U \subset_{op} G^{geo}$

$\cap$

$G_s(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}_\ell)$

$E_{\rho_\ell} \supset \{ s \in S \mid G_s \xhookrightarrow[\neq]{} G_{\bar{\eta}} \} = E^{mot}$

Tate's semi-simplicity and motivated fullness $\Rightarrow$

$Gt_{\ell\ell} = Gt^3$

$= F\rho_\ell = E^{mot}$

$$F_{\mathcal{G}_\ell} = F^{\text{mot}}$$

$$\| \quad \{ s \in S \mid \operatorname{codim}_{S^2} S^2_s \geq 1 \}$$

Hint of proof of theorem 2

char 0 → - ℓ-adic independency results for family of ℓ-adic Galois rep
- Borel de Serre-Thal thm

char 0 → - Deligne semisimplicity.

$s \in S$ Assume $s \notin F_{\mathcal{G}_\ell}$ for some prime ℓ

↳ Serre's ℓ-independence of $\left(\ker \left(\pi_1(S) \to \mathcal{G}^2_\ell / (\mathcal{G}^2_\ell)^0 \right) \text{ vs } \ker \left(\pi_1(s) \to \mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s} / (\mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s})^0 \right) \right)$ is independent of ℓ.

↳ assume $\mathcal{G}^2_\ell$, $\mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s}$ are connected

Replace reductive $\mathcal{G}_\ell$ by its semisimplification ↳ assume $\mathcal{G}^2_\ell$ is

$$\mathcal{G}^2_\ell \leftarrow \mathcal{G}^2_\ell / R_u(\mathcal{G}^2_\ell)$$

$$\mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s} \leftarrow \mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s} / R_u(\mathcal{G}^2_\ell) \cap \mathcal{G}^2_{\ell,s}$$

Choose a Levi functor $L_{\ell,S} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{G}\ell_{\ell,S}^2$

s.t. F_{Pe} $\mathcal{G}e^2{}_S = L_{P,S} = \mathcal{G}e^1$

Serre's ℓ-independence of reduction $\longrightarrow$ $\operatorname{rank} L_{\ell,S} = \operatorname{rank} \mathcal{G}e^1$ ‖ $\operatorname{rank} L_{\ell',S} = \operatorname{rank} \mathcal{G}e'^1$?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L_{\ell',S} & \hookrightarrow & \mathcal{G}e'^2 \\ \uparrow & & \\ T_{\tau'} & \hookrightarrow & Z(\mathcal{G}e^2) \end{array}$$

mean tori

$Z(\mathcal{G}e,^2) \subset Z(L_{\ell',S})$

$Z(L_{P',S})/Z(\mathcal{G}e^1)$ is finite

‖

$\mathcal{G}e'^2 = \operatorname{Cen}_{\mathcal{G}e'^2}(Z(\mathcal{G}_{\ell'}^2))^0 =$

$L_{\ell',S} = \operatorname{Cen}_{\mathcal{G}e'^2}(Z(L_{P',S}))^0$

§2.2 Applications

1.

$E^{\text{most} \le d} \subset F_{Pe}^{\le d} \Rightarrow \{ s \in S^{\le d} \mid \mathcal{G}_S \not\simeq \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{G}} \text{ is finite} \}$

does not require uniformity in Thm 1

$\Rightarrow$ finiteness thm. of NS rank Endomorphism ring rank.

2) Strong ℓ-primary torsion conjecture $X_s \longrightarrow k(s)$,

$s \in S^{\leq d}$, $X \longrightarrow S$ Abelian scheme

$\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$ $\exists B_{d,\ell} \geq 1$ s.t. $\forall s \in S^{\leq d}$

$$\left| A_s(k(s))[\ell^\infty] \right| \leq B_{d,\ell}.$$

§ 3 Hints of proof of thm 1

$$\mathcal{G}(n) = \ker\left(G \longrightarrow Gl_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell) \longrightarrow Gl_2(\mathbb{Z}_{\ell^n}) \right) \quad n \geq 0$$

G top f.g. $\Rightarrow \forall B$ $S(G,B) = \{ U \subset_{op} G \mid [G : U] \leq B \}$

u finite

$$S(N_B) \subset \bigcap_{u \in S(G,B)} U \subset_{op} G$$

$$H_n(G) = \{ U \subset_{op} G \mid \mathcal{G}(u+1) \subset U \text{ but } \mathcal{G}(u) \not\subset U \}$$

$$H_n^{\Phi}(G) = \{ \text{---} \ \Phi \ \mathcal{G}(u) \subset U \ \text{---} \}$$

$\#H_n^{\Phi}$ finite.

+ Frattini property

$(\star)$ $G_S \subset_{op} G$ not open $\Leftrightarrow \forall n$ $\exists U \in H_n^{\Phi}(G)$ s.t.

$G_S \subset U$

Lemma: $G < d\, Gl_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$ $\Phi(G(u)) = G(u+1)$, $u \geq 0$

$H \subset \pi_1(S) \hookrightarrow S_H \to S$

$\uparrow \qquad\qquad \uparrow$

$\operatorname{Spec} k(S)$

missed last part —