

Dimensional reduction

$\mathcal{X} = \tau^*(1) Y$ , oriented (-1) shifted symplectic structure.



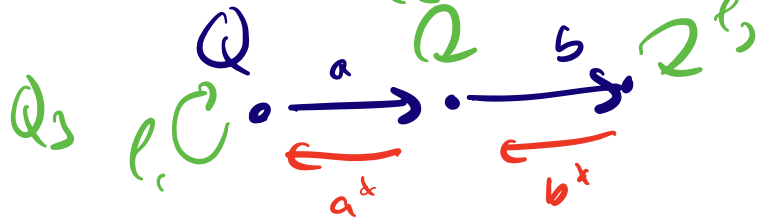
$Y$  quasi-smooth  $\mathbb{C}^+$  assumption, derived Artin stack over  $\mathbb{C}$

Example: (1)  $Y = \text{Coh}_c(S)$   $S$  surface

$\mathcal{X} = \text{Coh}_c(K_S)$

with CY3 structure  $\rightarrow K_Y$

(2)  $Q$  quiver.



(CY2)  $\Pi_Q$ : preprojective algebra

$Q_c$  algebra:

$\sum (a, a^*) = 0$

$(Q_2, \text{relations})$

(e.g.  $a^*a = 0$ ,  $a^*a - b^*b = 0$ ,  $bb^* = 0$ )

$$Y\text{-Rep}(\pi_Q) \cong T^* \text{Rep } Q$$

0-shifted symplectic  
 $\Rightarrow$  quasi-smooth.

$$\mathcal{X} = \text{Rep}(Q_3, W)$$

$$W = \sum_i (a_i, a_i^*) \cdot \sum_i \rho_i$$

$$\cong T^* \text{Rep } Q$$

$\swarrow$  add  $\rho_i$       $\swarrow$  add  $a_i^*$

$$\cong T^* \text{Rep } Q$$

$\swarrow$  add  $a_i^*$       $\swarrow$  add  $\rho_i$

E.g. (local model for everything).

$V \mathcal{G}_G$  vector bundle,  $G$ -equivariant.

$\rho \downarrow \mathcal{G}_G$   $G$ -equivariant action.

smooth  $\mathbb{C}$ -schemes  $\rightarrow \mathcal{U} \mathcal{G}_G$  affine algebraic  $\mathbb{C}$ -group

$$Y = S^{-1}(0)$$

$$y = Y/G.$$

$$X = T^x(-) Y :$$

$$V^* \longrightarrow U$$

$$\downarrow f$$

$$A^1 = \mathbb{C}$$

$$f(u, x) = \alpha(s|_u)$$

$$X = \text{crit}(f)$$

$$X = X/G = T^x(-) Y.$$

$$Z = f^{-1}(-).$$

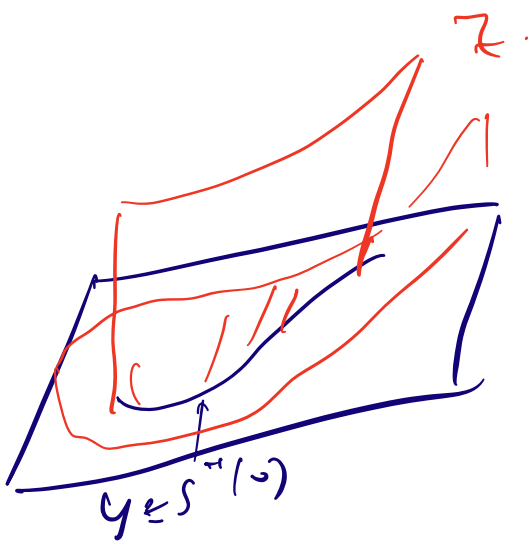
At  $u \in U$ , fibers of  $X/G$  are

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{if } s(u) \neq 0, \quad Y_u = \emptyset, \quad Z_u = s(u)^{\perp} = A^{n \times (n-1)}, \quad X_u = \emptyset \\ \text{if } s(u) = 0, \quad Y_u = *, \quad Z_u = s(u)^{\perp} = A^{n \times n}, \quad X_u \neq \emptyset \end{array} \right.$$

? Good  
local model  
if there

at enough  
points, with  
adequate  
structure,

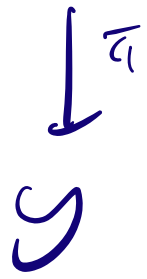
e.g. if there exists  
a good moduli space.



Dimerized reduction  
 (Davies, Kirjo, Kirjo-Kojiki)  
 as mixed Hodge module.  
 local model, global version, as constructible sheaf

$$\mathcal{X} = T^*(-)Y$$

$\mathcal{Q}_{\mathcal{X}} =$  DT perverse sheaf or mixed Hodge module.  $\dim Y/2$



$$\pi_*(\mathcal{Q}_{\mathcal{X}}) \cong \mathbb{D} \mathcal{Q}_Y \otimes \mathbb{L}$$

relie  
 $\rightsquigarrow$

duality complex  $\mathcal{W}_Y$   
 $\dim Y/2$

Alge.

$$\pi_!(\mathcal{Q}_{\mathcal{X}}) \cong \mathcal{Q}_Y \otimes \mathbb{L}$$

$$\mathbb{L} = H_c^*(A')$$

Har degree 2

$$\mathbb{L}^{\text{tr}} \text{ has degree 1. (ie } i = H^1)$$

At level of constructible sheaves,  $\mathbb{L} = \mathcal{Q}(-2)$   
 $\mathbb{L}^{\text{tr}} = \mathcal{Q}(-1)$

— If  $\gamma$  is metr,  $\mathbb{P} Q_\gamma =$

$$Q_\gamma \text{ (dim } \gamma)$$

$\text{vol } \gamma / 2$

$$\mathbb{P} Q_\gamma \in \mathbb{L}$$

$$= Q_\gamma \text{ (dim } \gamma)$$

$\hookrightarrow$  particles (by \* pushing forward to a point)

$$H_{\text{crit}}^*(X) = |F|^{-1}(\phi_X)$$



3-d CoHA.

$$H_{-*}^{\text{BM}}(\gamma; \mathbb{Q}) \text{ (dim } \gamma)$$

2d CoHA.

dual  
k-ops,  
space  
theoret

$$H_{\text{crit},c}^*(X) \cong H_c^*(\gamma) \text{ (dim } \gamma)$$

Aside: Remark: Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be moduli stack of  
 objects in a 3 (y) abelian category  
 + generic stability (or zero Euler form). Then:

$$H_{\text{vir}}^*(\mathcal{X}) = \text{Sym} (H_{\text{BPS}}^*(\mathcal{X}) \otimes \mathbb{Q}(1))$$

Proof patt: 
$$\text{pt} \rightarrow \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$$

Proof idea for  $(*)$ :

Reduce to local model  $(\mathcal{a}, \mathcal{Y})$  with  $V$ :  
 trivial vector bundle (non-trivial  $G$  action)

$$\begin{array}{c} U \times \mathbb{A}^n \\ \downarrow \text{Is} \\ U \end{array}$$

$$G = \text{Aut}(V), \quad \mathcal{X} = \text{Cof } f$$

$$f(u, v) = \langle s(u), v \rangle$$

$$u \in \mathbb{A}^n, \quad v \in V$$

$$H_c^x(Q_f \times Q_{V^v}) \cong H_c^x(\underbrace{f=0}_Z)$$

↑  
for proof to work

(see in  
differential geometry)

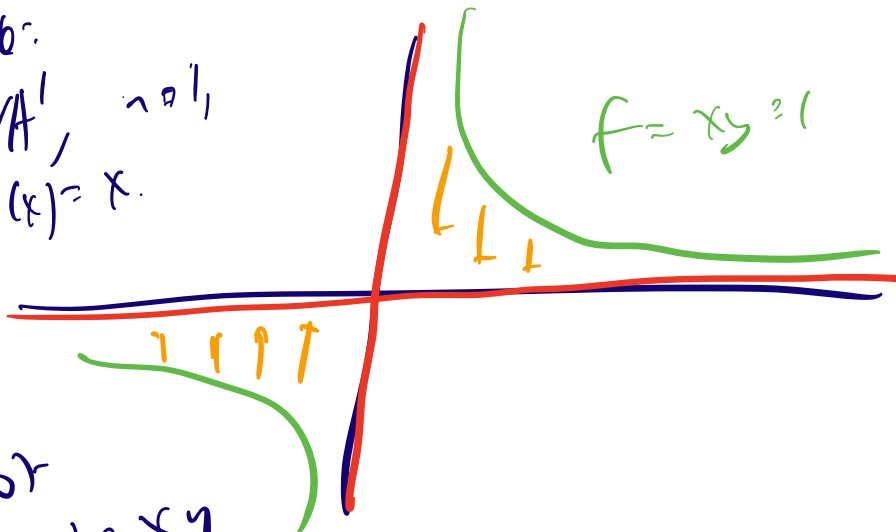
$$H_c^x(f=1)$$

$Z$  has two parts:

$$\{f=0\} \times \mathbb{A}^n \cup \{f=0\} \times \mathbb{A}^{n-1}$$

$$\{f=1\} = \{(x \neq 0) \times \mathbb{A}^{n-1}\}$$

Example:  
 $U = \mathbb{A}^1$ ,  $n=1$ ,  
 $\sigma(x) = x$ .



$$Z = xy = 0$$

$g = \partial \tau$   
 $f(x,y) = xy$

$$\cong H_c^x(\mathbb{A}^1)$$

$$\cong H_c^x(\mathbb{A}^1(-2))$$

$$\pi: V^v \rightarrow U$$

So:  $\pi_! \mathcal{O}_f \cong \mathcal{O}_Y(-2n)$

$$\pi_! = \mathbb{P} \pi_* \mathbb{P}$$

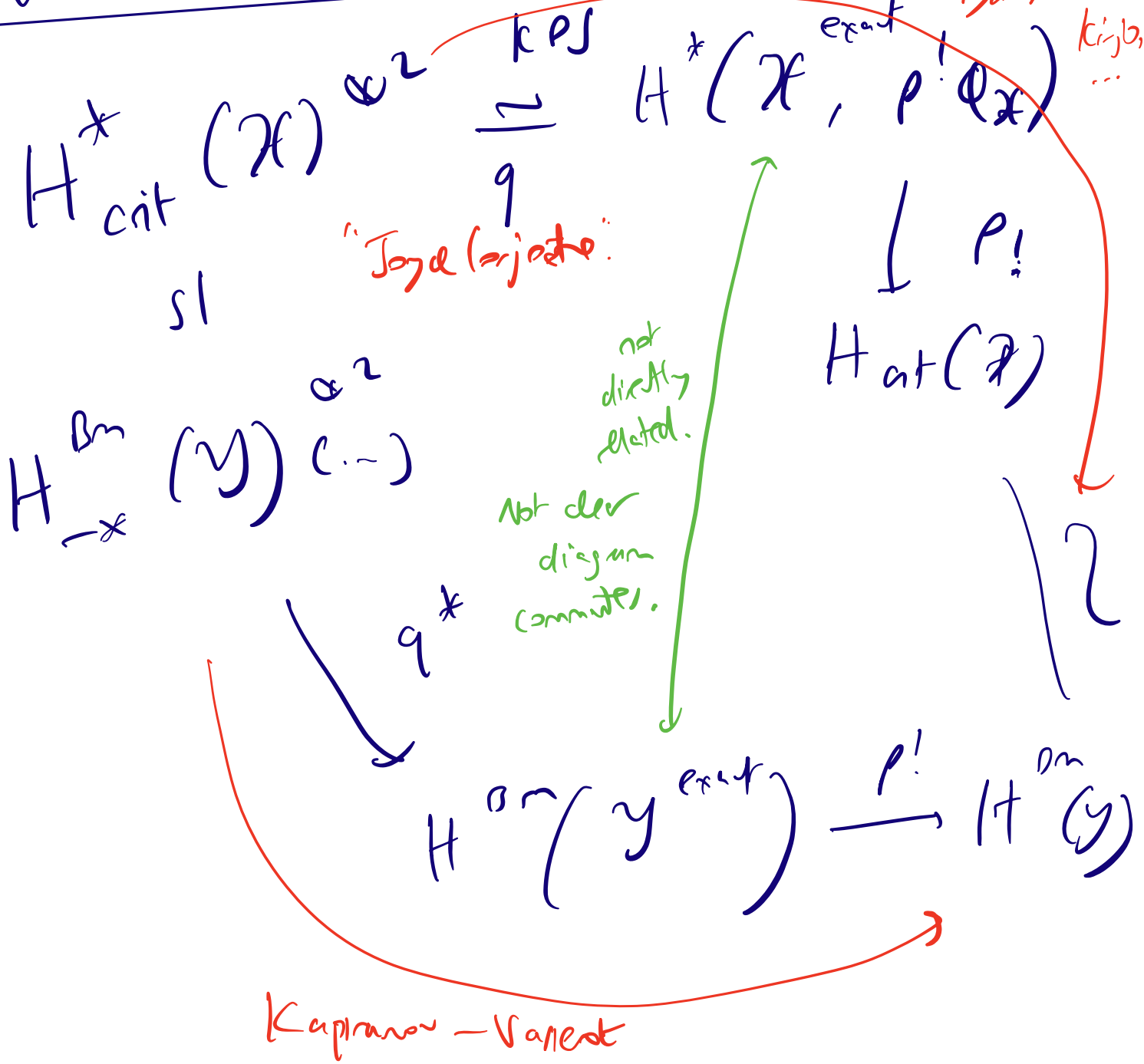
$$\mathbb{P} \mathcal{O}_X = \mathcal{O}_X$$

Apply Verdier dual  $\mathbb{D}$

$$\Rightarrow \pi_x \mathcal{O}_X = \mathbb{P} \mathcal{O}_Y(n-dim U) \quad \square$$

Here: we can use the 3-d  
 CoHA to define the 2-d (= HA. (claim by  
 Davison, Kinjo-Park-Safranov) / available set:  
 — differ by a sign for Kapranov-Kerr 2d  
 CoHA.

When sign difference comes from:



# BPS (ohmology)

Assumption:  $\mathcal{X}$  - (shifted symplectic Artin stack over  $\mathbb{C}$ , \* good moduli space \* symmetric (generic stability) etc from 0  $\in \mathbb{Q}(t)$  (glue) of  $B\mathbb{G}_m$ .

$$H_{\text{BPS}}^*(\mathcal{X}) \subset H_{\text{at}}^*(\mathcal{X})$$

$$H_{\text{BPS}}^*(Y) \subset H_{-x}^{\text{BM}}(Y) \dots$$

$$\text{if } \mathcal{X} = T^*(Y)$$

$$\mathcal{X} \xrightarrow{\pi} Y$$

ker =  $(x/\mathbb{G}_m)$  factor.

( "symmetry" in 2-d case: if  $\chi(d, \beta) \neq \chi(d, \alpha)$  then  $\mu(d) \neq N(\beta)$  )

Define  $\gamma: {}^p H^1(\pi_x, \mathcal{L}_x)$

$$x \xrightarrow{\pi} X$$

good moduli space

$$H_{BR}(\mathcal{F}) = H^1 \left( {}^p H^1(\pi_*, \mathcal{L}_x) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Sym} \left( \begin{array}{c} \oplus \\ \delta \in \pi_*(\mathcal{F}) \end{array} H_{BR}(\mathcal{F}_\delta) \otimes \mathcal{O}(t) \right)$$

the of system

( $\circ$  HA multiplication

vector space iso.

or better:

$gr_p H^1 \text{ at } (X)$   
 good object of  
 perverse Artin

$$H^1 \text{ at } (x)$$

- To construct  $H_{\text{cl}}^*(M_{\text{evsthy}})$   
 $\cong A$

by using a generic stability condition:

$$H_{\text{BP}}^*(\mathcal{X}_{\delta}^{\tau_0 - n})$$

$\tau_- \quad \tau_0 \quad \tau_+$   


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 if  $\tau_{\pm}, \tau_0$  all generic  
 WCF

$$\cong \bigoplus_{\nu = \nu_{\tau_+} + \tau_0 n} H_{\text{BP}}^{\tau_0 - n}(\mathcal{X}_{\delta_1}^{\tau_0 - n} \vee \dots \vee \mathcal{X}_{\delta_r}^{\tau_0 - n})$$

Motivic general:

$$H_{\text{cl}}^b(\mathcal{Z})$$

$T \cong HA$

← don't need  
generic  
stability.

$$\cong \bigotimes$$

rank  $N$

$$\text{Sym} \left( \bigoplus_{\nu} H_{\text{BP}}^b(\mathcal{X}_{\delta}^{\tau_0 - n}) \otimes \mathbb{Q}(c_1) \right)$$

rank  $(V) = N$

Davidson - Heneat - Selected  
Mej-

2 paper = - BPS (study)  
of 200 (at)