

Fourier

$\theta \in [-\pi, \pi]$

$\mathbf{F}(\theta)$ with $\mathbf{F}(\theta) = \mathbf{F}(-\theta)$

analytic in a strip

2n equispaced points

trigonometric polynomial:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^n a_k (e^{i\theta k} + e^{-i\theta k})$$

interp. in equispaced pts

Fourier series:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k (e^{i\theta k} + e^{-i\theta k})$$

ATAP, Appendix B

Laurent

$z \in$ unit circle

$$z = e^{i\theta}$$

$F(z)$ with $F(z) = F(z^{-1})$

analytic in an annulus

2n roots of unity

Laurent polynomial:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^n a_k (z^k + z^{-k})$$

interp. in roots of unity

Laurent series:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k (z^k + z^{-k})$$

ATAP, Appendix C

Chebyshev

$x \in [-1,1]$

$$x = \cos(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(z + z^{-1})$$

$$f(x)$$

analytic in an ellipse

$n + 1$ Chebyshev points

polynomial:

$$\sum_{k=0}^n a_k T_k(x)$$

interp. in Chebyshev pts

Chebyshev series:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k T_k(x)$$

ATAP, chapters 1-21